

$$\frac{p(x)}{p(x)} \quad x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$p(x) \quad x \in \mathbb{R}^d$$

$$P(x, y) \sim (x^1, y^1), (x^2, y^2), \dots, (x^m, y^m)$$

$$p(x, y) = p(x) p(y|x)$$

$$p(x) = \sum_y p(x, y)$$

$$p(y|x) = \frac{p(x, y)}{p(x)}$$

$$x^i \sim p(x)$$

$$y^i \sim p(y|x^i)$$

claim: (x^i, y^i) is a sample from $p(x, y)$

proof: $\Pr(X=x^i, Y=y^i) = p(x^i) p(y^i|x^i) = p(x^i, y^i)$
 $\Rightarrow (x^i, y^i)$ is a sample drawn from $p(x, y)$

$$p(x, y) = p(x) p(y|x)$$

$$p(x, y) = p(y) p(x|y)$$

$$p(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) = p(x_n | x_1, \dots, x_{n-1}) p(x_1, \dots, x_{n-1})$$

$$= p(x_n | x_1, \dots, x_{n-1}) p(x_{n-1} | x_1, \dots, x_{n-2}) p(x_1, \dots, x_{n-2})$$

chain rule

$$= p(x_1) p(x_2|x_1) p(x_3|x_1, x_2) p(x_4|x_1, x_2, x_3) \dots p(x_n|x_1, x_2, \dots, x_{n-1})$$

$$x_1^i \sim p(x_1)$$

$$x_2^i \sim p(x_2 | x_1^i)$$

$$x_3^i \sim p(x_3 | x_1^i, x_2^i)$$

$$x_4^i \sim p(x_4 | x_1^i, x_2^i, x_3^i)$$

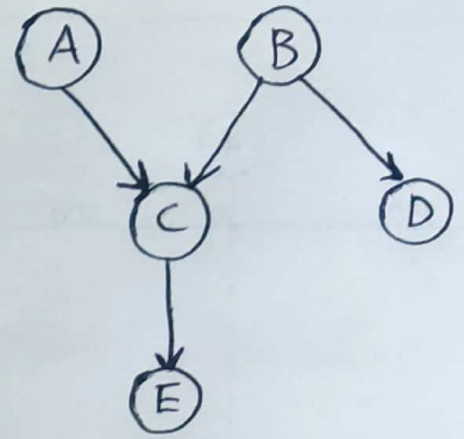
⋮

$$x_n^i \sim p(x_n | x_1^i, x_2^i, \dots, x_{n-1}^i)$$

$\Rightarrow (x_1^i, x_2^i, \dots, x_n^i)$ is a sample from $p(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$

$$P(A, B, C, D, E)$$

$$= P(A) P(B) P(C|A, B) P(D|B) P(E|C)$$



$$a^i \sim P(A)$$

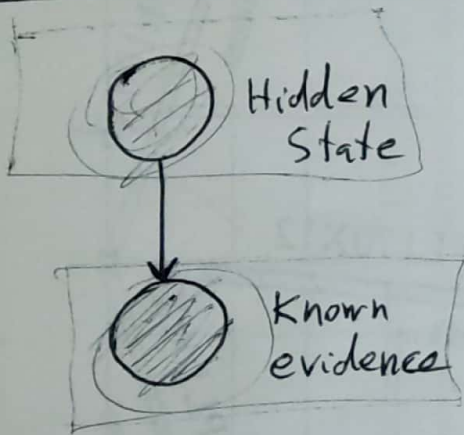
$$b^i \sim P(B)$$

$$c^i \sim P(C|a^i, b^i)$$

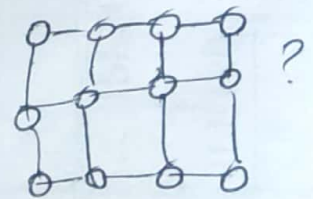
$$d^i \sim P(D|b^i)$$

$$e^i \sim P(E|c^i)$$

$(a^i, b^i, c^i, d^i, e^i)$ is a sample from $P(A, B, C, D, E)$



MRF $P(x_1, \dots, x_n) = \frac{1}{Z} \prod_{c \in C} \phi_c(x_c)$



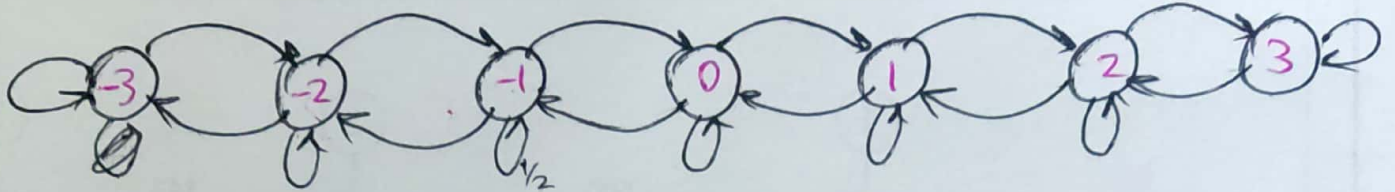
$$P(A, B, C, D, E) = P(A) P(B) P(C|A, B) P(D|B) P(E|C)$$

$P(A|D, E)$ ⇒ solution 1: samples from $P(A, B, C, D, E)$
 $P(A|D=d, E=e)$ ⇒ solution 2: samples from $P(A, B, C|d, e)$

$$P(A, B, C|d, e) = \frac{P(A) P(B) P(C|A, B) P(d|B) P(e|C)}{\sum_A \sum_B \sum_C P(A) P(B) P(C|A, B) P(d|B) P(e|C)}$$

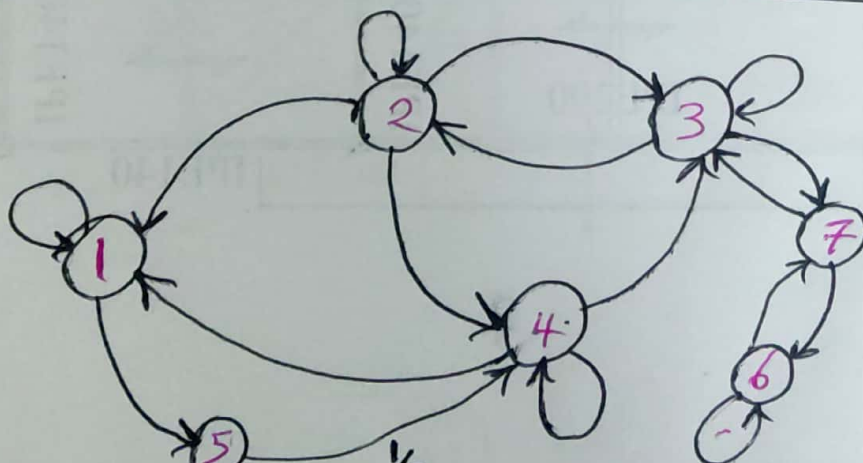
$$= \frac{1}{Z} P(A) P(B) P(C|A, B) P(d|B) P(e|C)$$

$$= \frac{1}{Z} \phi_1(A) \phi_2(B) \phi_3(A, B, C) \phi_4(B) \phi_5(C)$$



	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
$P^{t=0}(X)$	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
$P^{t=1}(X)$	0	0	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	0	0
$P^{t=2}(X)$	0	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	0
$P^{t=\infty}(X)$	$\frac{1}{7}$	$\frac{1}{7}$	$\frac{1}{7}$	$\frac{1}{7}$	$\frac{1}{7}$	$\frac{1}{7}$	$\frac{1}{7}$

$\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{4}$ (arrow from $P^{t=1}(-1)$ to $P^{t=2}(-2)$)
 $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{4}$ (arrow from $P^{t=1}(-1)$ to $P^{t=2}(-1)$)
 $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{4}$
 $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{16} + \frac{1}{16}$ (arrow from $P^{t=1}(0)$ to $P^{t=2}(0)$)



$P(X)$

$X \in \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$

$X_t =$ ~~state~~ ^{current} state at time t

$T_{5 \rightarrow 5} = \frac{2}{3}$
 $T_{5 \rightarrow 4} = \frac{1}{3}$
 $T_{5 \rightarrow 4} = \Pr(X_{t+1} = 4 | X_t = 5)$ independent of t
 $= \Pr(X_t = 4 | X_{t-1} = 5)$

$\Pr(X_t = a) = \sum_{b=1}^7 P_0(X_t = a | X_{t-1} = b) P_0(X_{t-1} = b)$